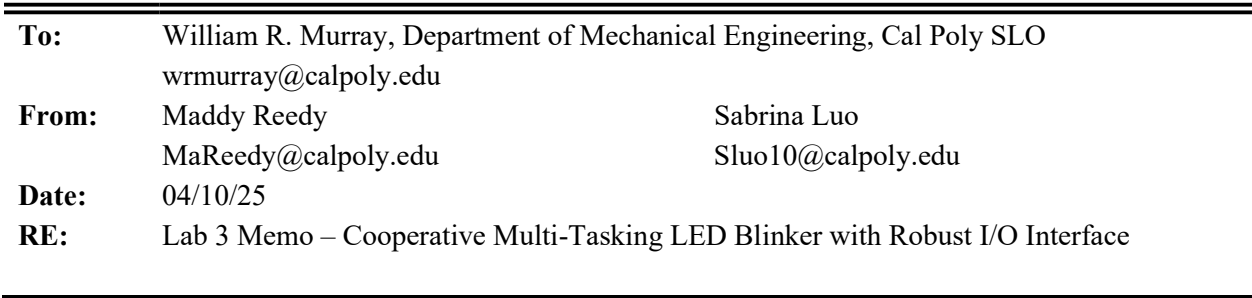


Lab 3

Creating a multitasking system that uses a keypad and user input to control the frequency of two LED blinking lights.

By: Maddy Reedy and Sabrina Luo

ME 305 - 01



The overall goal of lab 3 was to create a multitasking system that would use a keypad and user input to control the speed of two LED blinking lights. The user would use the keypad to input a time in milliseconds, for one of the two blinking lights. The input digits would be displayed on an LCD screen, once the user presses enter the lights will begin to blink at the frequency displayed on the LCD screen. Each of our functions is managed as separate tasks that work together by taking turns, rather than using interrupts. This lab taught us how finite state machines and multitasking can be used to create responsive and organized systems.

Task 1: Mastermind - Direct and control the other tasks such as determining which keys have been stuck

State 1: Wait until all initialization and initial display prompt is complete.

State 3: If the ASCII value turns out to be a digit, and appropriate actions for a digit are taken for example, it will load that digit to the appropriate LCD address up to five addresses. It will then return to the hub state.

State 5: If the ASCII value turns out to be a BackSpace, it would take appropriate actions for the Backspace key. The cursor would have to sent back in addition to clearing the value in that address. It will then return to the hub state.

State 6: If the ASCII value turns out to be an Enter key, it would take appropriate actions for the Enter key, for example, converting BUFFER to a readable number and starting the process of the lights and the timings. It will then return to the hub state.

Task 2: Key Driver - To monitor and determine if keys have been struck and to report the ASCII values of the struck keys to Mastermind.

State 0: Initialize keypad drive (both hardware and software) and clear key flag.

State 1: Checks whether a key is pressed. If so, it will get Character, store the value, and raised the flag that a key has been pressed.

State 2: Test key flag and wait for MasterMind to acknowledge whether the current key is received.

Task 3 – Display- To carry out printed messages and data on the LCD module that seen from the MasterMind

State 0: Initializes all Display (both hardware and software) to be carried out

State 1: The hub state checks whether Boolean flags are set which determines if a specific message should be displayed. Display will set to a specific state that corresponds to the display of the selected message.

State 2: Displays the message stored in TIME1 at the upper left corner.

State 3: Displays the message stored in TIME 2 at the lower left corner.

State 4: Displays the message stored in F1PRMPT to column 8 of the first line on the LCD screen.

State 5: Displays the message stored in F2PRMPT to column 8 of the second line on the LCD screen.

Task 4: Pattern 1- Sets the for the first set of LED pattern

State 0: Set the first set of lights as PORTP outputs and ensure that the LEDs and the flag are off

State 1: LEDs are OFF until the ON1 key has been set

State 2: Lights up Green LED but have Red LED off.

State 3: Turns Green LED off.

State 4: Keep Green LED off but turn Red LED on

State 5: Turns Red LED off

State 6: Turns both LEDs on

State 7: Turns both LEDs off

Task 5: Timing 1 - The time it takes for the first set of lights to execute the pattern from Task 4

State 0: Initializes timing and clears the done flag

State 1: Waits to see if the first set of lights are to be on and the preparations for a countdown

State 2: Start and execute the countdown

Task 6: Pattern 2 - Sets the for the second set of LED pattern

State 0: Set the second set of lights as PORTP outputs and ensure that the LEDs and the flag are off

State 1: LEDs are OFF until the ON2 key has been set

State 2: Lights up Green LED but have Red LED off.

State 3: Turns Green LED off.

State 4: Keep Green LED off but turn Red LED on

State 5: Turns Red LED off

State 6: Turns both LEDs on

State 7: Turns both LEDs off

Task 7: Timing 2 - The time it takes for the second set of lights to execute the pattern from Task 6

State 0: Initializes timing and clears the done flag

State 1: Waits to see if the first set of lights are to be on and the preparations for a countdown

State 2: Start and execute the countdown

Task 8: Count – sets a delay

State 0: Initializes Task 8

State 1: Goes to the delay subroutine which delays for 1ms.

Inter-Task Communication Variables

Variable	Meaning	Tasks Used	Tasks Cleared
----------	---------	------------	---------------

TICKS_1	Period for first LED pair in milliseconds	Task 5: State 1	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
COUNT_1	Time remaining in period for first LED pair in milliseconds	Task 5: State 1 Task 5: State 2	
DONE_1	Boolean indicating change time for first LED pair	Task 5: State 2	Task 5: State 0 Task 5: State 1
ON1	Boolean indicating first LED pair operation state	Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 2 Task 4: State 0
TICKS_2	Period for second LED pair in milliseconds	Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2 Task 6: State 0
COUNT_2	Time remaining in period for second LED pair in milliseconds	Task 7: State 1 Task 7: State 2	
DONE_2	Boolean indicating change time for second LED pair	Task 7: State 2	Task 7: State 0 Task 7: State 1
ON2	Boolean indicating second LED pair operation state	Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
COUNT	Number of digits currently in BUFFER	Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 5	Task 1: State 0
BUFFER	Buffer containing digits from keypad	Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 4
TEMP	Used in ASCII_2_Bin conversion routine	Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
Char_addr	Used to clear specific LCD addresses locations	Task 1: State 2	Task 1: State 2
error_ON	Flag to indicate there is an error	Task 1: State 3	Task 1: State 0
error1_ON	Flag to indicate error 1 has been triggered	Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
error2_ON	Flag to indicate error 2 has been triggered	Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
errordelay	Period that message will be delayed	Task 1: State 3	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2
delaycount	Amount of time error message delay will run	Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 2
F1FLAG	Flag to indicate F1 was pressed	Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 6	Task 1: State 2
F2FLAG	Flag to indicate F2 was pressed	Task 1: State 2	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2 Task 1: State 6
KEY_BUF	Buffer for most recent character	Task 1: State 2	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 2 Task 1: State 6
KEY_FLG	Boolean for key is available for MM	Task 2: State 1	Task 1: State 2 Task 2: State 0

DTIME1	Boolean to display “TIME1 = “	Task 1: State 0 Task 3: State 1	Task 3: State 2
DTIME2	Boolean to display “TIME2 = “	Task 1: State 0 Task 3: State 1	Task 3: State 3
DF1PRMPT	Boolean to display “<F1> to update LED1 period”	Task 1: State 0 Task 3: State 1	Task 3: State 4
DF2PRMPT	Boolean to display “<F2> to update LED2 period”	Task 1: State 0 Task 3: State 1	Task 3: State 5
FIRSTCH	Boolean for first char in DISPLAY subroutine	Task 3: State 0 Task 3: State 2 Task 3: State 3 Task 3: State 4 Task 3: State 5	Task 3: State 2 Task 3: State 3 Task 3: State 4 Task 3: State 5
DPTR	Address if next charter in current message	Task 3: State 2 Task 3: State 3 Task 3: State 4 Task 3: State 5	
t1state	State Variable for Task 1		
t2state	State Variable for Task 2	Task 1: State 0 Task 1: State 1 Task 1: State 2 Task 1: State 3 Task 1: State 4 Task 1: State 5 Task 1: State 6	Task 1: Mastermind
t3state	State Variable for Task 3	Task 2: State 0 Task 2: State 1 Task 2: State 2	Task 2: Mastermind
t4state	State Variable for Task 4	Task 3: State 0 Task 3: State 1 Task 3: State 2 Task 3: State 3 Task 3: State 4 Task 3: State 5	Task 3: Mastermind
t5state	State Variable for Task 5	Task 4: State 0 Task 4: State 1 Task 4: State 2 Task 4: State 3 Task 4: State 4 Task 4: State 5 Task 4: State 6 Task 4: State 7	Task 4: Mastermind
t6state	State Variable for Task 6	Task 5: State 0 Task 5: State 1 Task 5: State 2	Task 5: Mastermind
t7state	State Variable for Task 7	Task 6: State 0 Task 6: State 1	Task 7: Mastermind

		Task 6: State 2 Task 6: State 3 Task 6: State 4 Task 6: State 5 Task 6: State 6 Task 6: State 7	
t8state	State Variable for Task 8	Task 7: State 0 Task 7: State 1 Task 7: State 2	Task 7: Mastermind

Table 1. List of Inter-Task Communication Variables Meaning and There Set and Reset Locations

Finite State Machines

Task 1

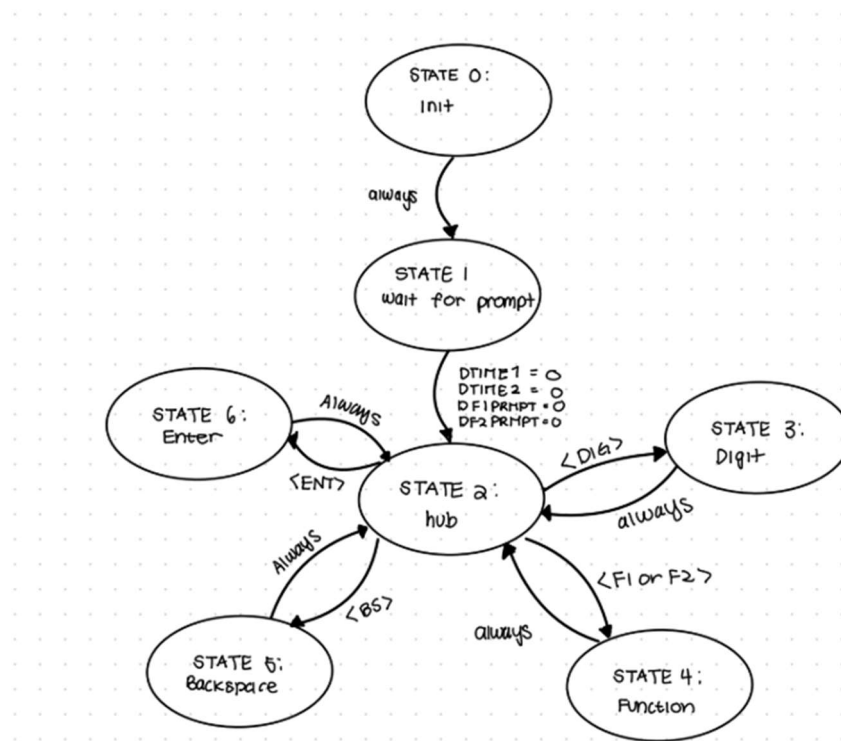


Figure 2. Finite State Machine for Task 1

Task 2

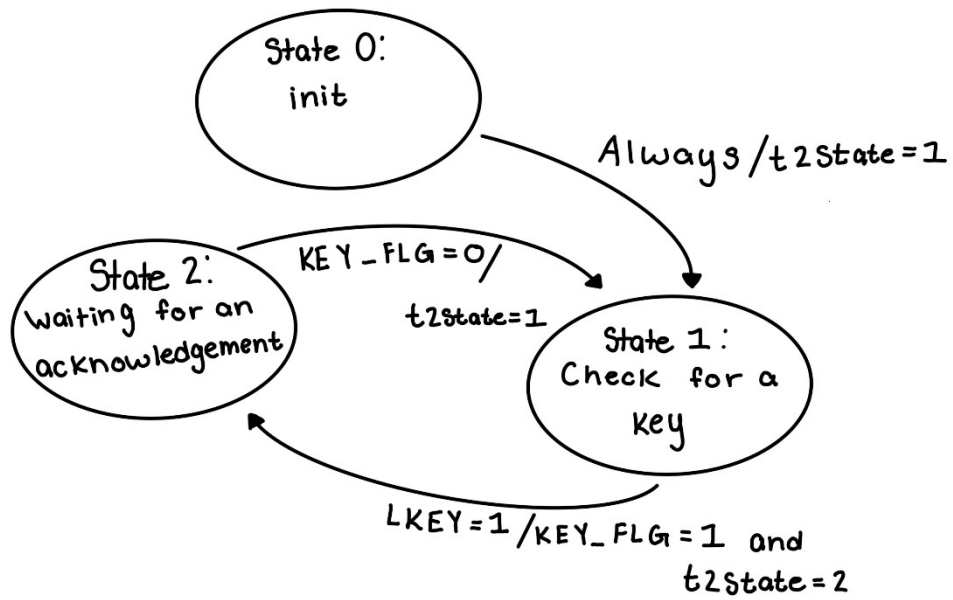


Figure 2. Finite State Machine for Task 2

Task 3

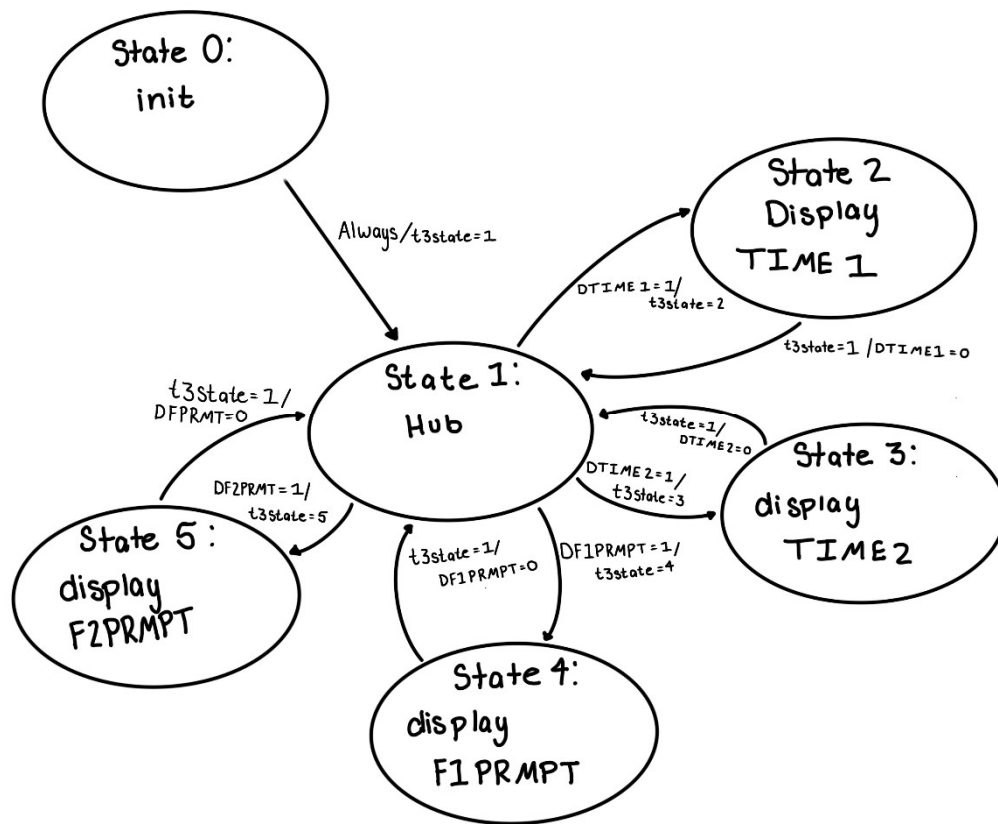


Figure 3. Finite State Machine for Task 3

Task 4

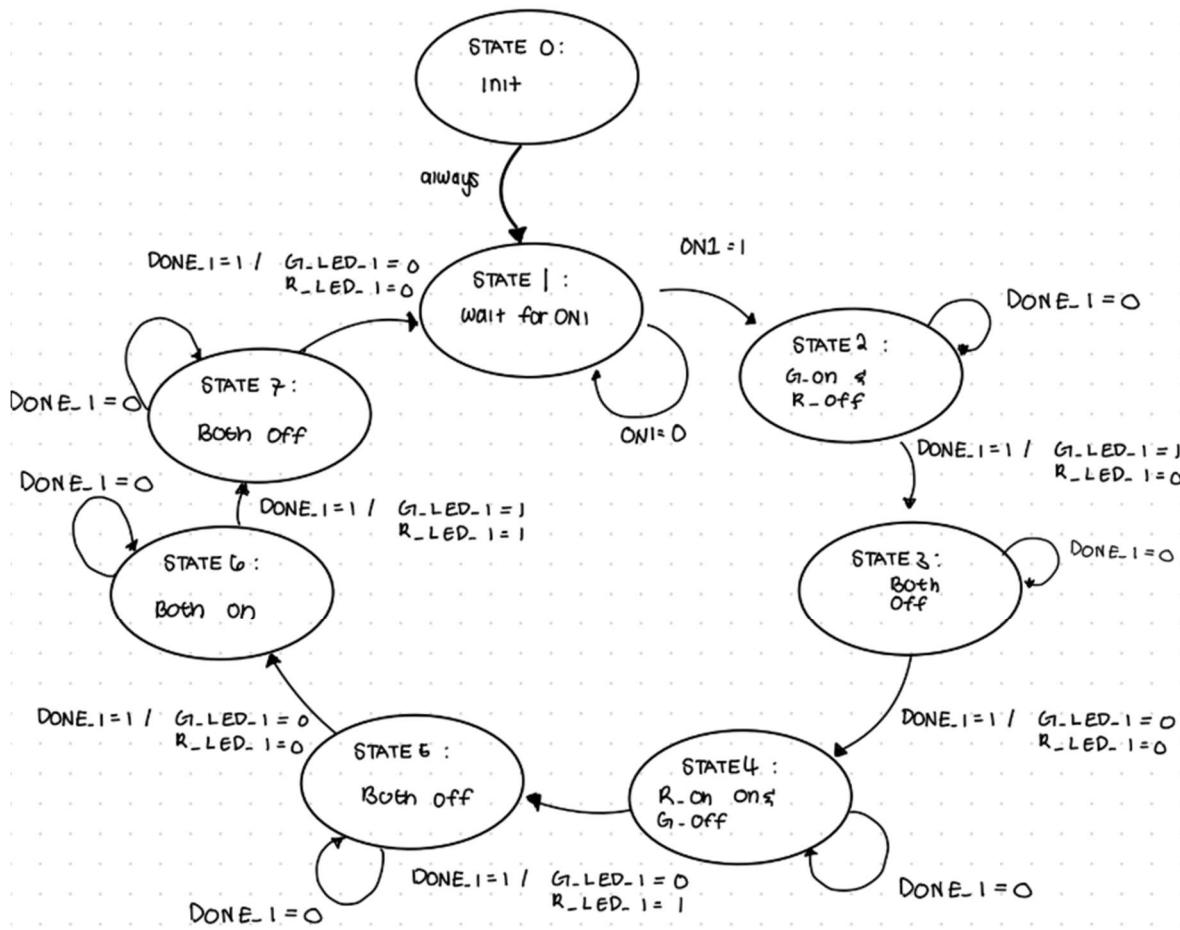


Figure 4. Finite State Machine for Task 4

Task 5

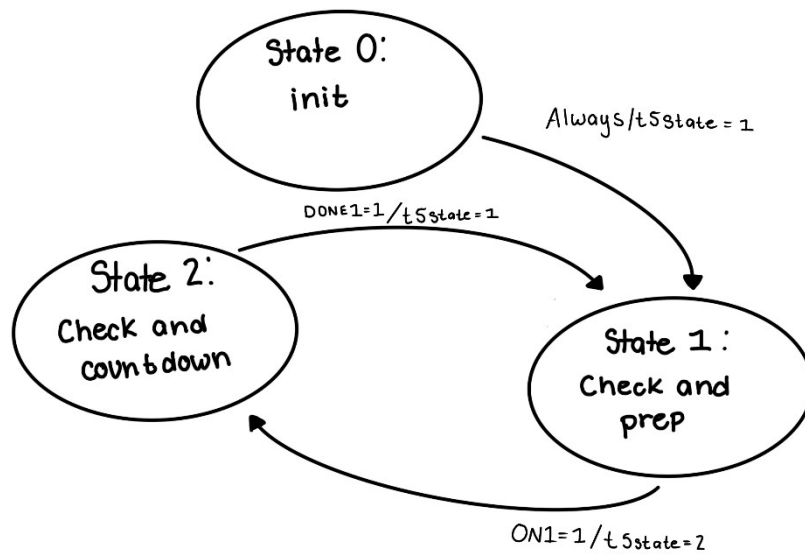


Figure 5. Finite State Machine for Task 5

Task 6

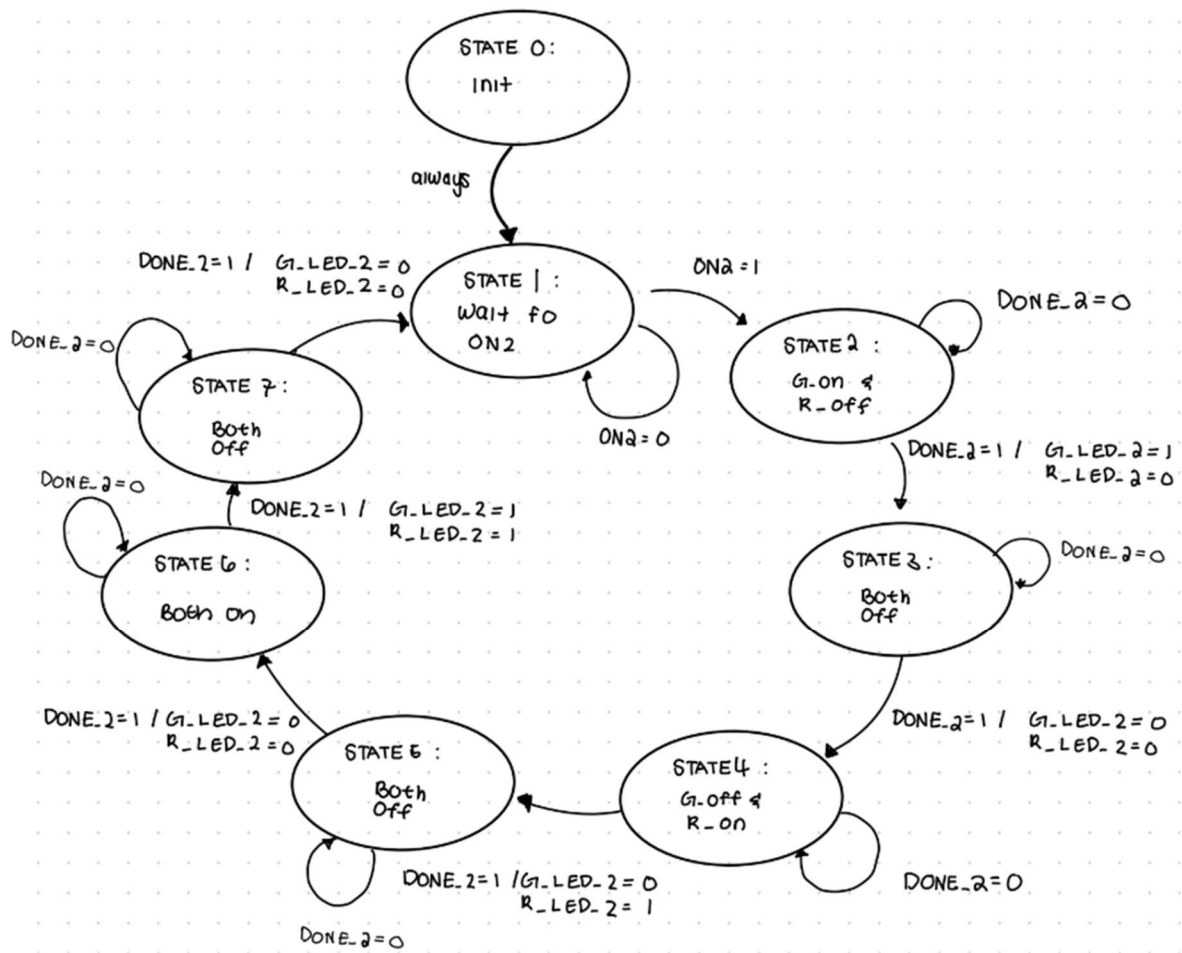


Figure 6. Finite State Machine for Task 6

Task 7

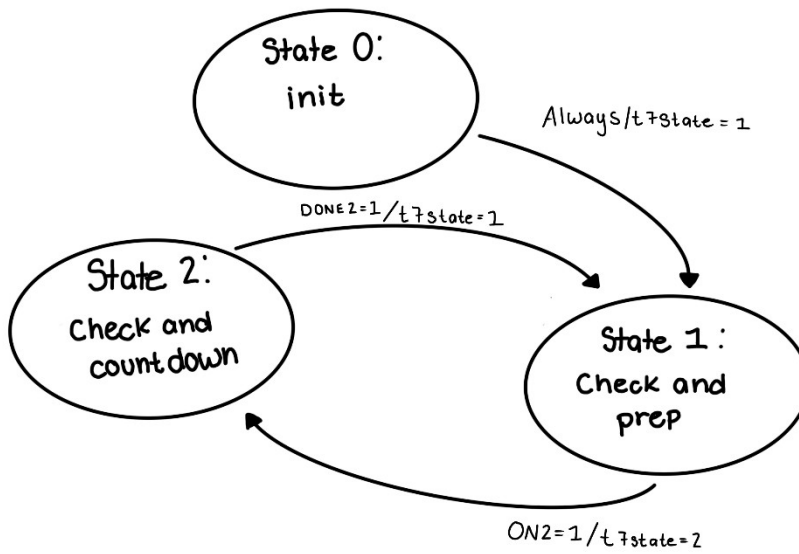


Figure 7. Finite State Machine for Task 7

Task 8

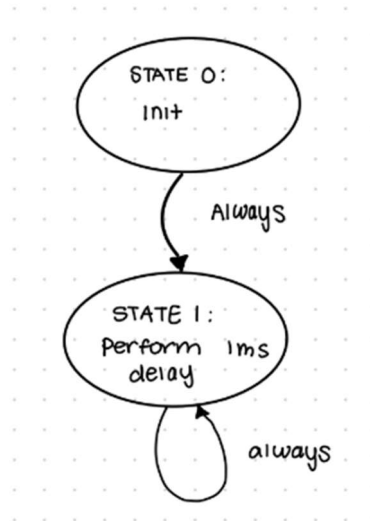


Figure 8. Finite State Machine for Task 8

Source Code

```

; *****
*

```

```

;* Lab 3 main [shell code from standard version]
*
;*****
*
;*
*
;* Author: Maddy Reedy & Sabrina Luo
*
;* Cal Poly University
*
;* May 2025
*
;*****

; /-----
\
; | Include all associated files
|
; \-----
/
; The following are external files to be included during assembly

; /-----
\
; | External Definitions
|
; \-----
/
; All labels that are referenced by the linker need an external definition

        XDEF    main

; /-----
\
; | External References
|
; \-----
/
; All labels from other files must have an external reference

        XREF    ENABLE_MOTOR, STARTUP_MOTOR, UPDATE_MOTOR, DISABLE_MOTOR
        XREF    STARTUP_PWM, STARTUP_ENCODER, READ_ENCODER, DISABLE_ENCODER
        XREF    OUTDACA, OUTDACB
        XREF    INITLCD, CLRSCREEN, SETADDR, GETADDR, CURSOR_ON, DISP_OFF
        XREF    OUTCHAR, OUTCHAR_AT, OUTSTRING, OUTSTRING_AT
        XREF    INITKEY, LKEY_FLG, GETCHAR
        XREF    Entry, ISR_KEYPAD

; /-----
\

```

```

;| Assembler Equates
|
; \-----
/
; Constant values can be equated here

PORTP      EQU    $0258          ; output port for LEDs
DDRP       EQU    $025A
G_LED_1    EQU    %00010000      ; green LED output pin for LED pair_1
R_LED_1    EQU    %00100000      ; red LED output pin for LED pair_1
LED_MSK_1  EQU    %00110000      ; LED pair_1
G_LED_2    EQU    %01000000      ; green LED output pin for LED pair_2
R_LED_2    EQU    %10000000      ; red LED output pin for LED pair_2
LED_MSK_2  EQU    %11000000      ; LED pair_2

F1          EQU    $F1
F2          EQU    $F2
BSPACE     EQU    $08
ENT        EQU    $0A
SPACE      EQU    $20
L1_lim     EQU    5
F1_start   EQU    $06
F2_start   EQU    $46
F1_delete  EQU    $08
delete     EQU    $20
F1_end     EQU    $16
mes_delay  EQU    $FF
L1_start   EQU    $07
L2_start   EQU    $45

; /-----
\
;| Variables in RAM
|
; \-----
/
; The following variables are located in unpagged ram

DEFAULT_RAM: SECTION
; State Variables

TICKS_1     DS.W  1              ; period for LED pair_1 [ms]
COUNT_1    DS.W  1              ; time remaining in period for LED pair_1 [ms]
DONE_1      DS.B  1              ; Boolean indicating change time for LED pair_1
ON1         DS.B  1              ; Boolean indicating LED pair_1 operation state

TICKS_2     DS.W  1              ; period for LED pair_2 in [ms]

```

COUNT_2	DS.W	1	; time remaining in period for LED pair_2 [ms]
DONE_2	DS.B	1	; Boolean indicating change time for LED pair_1
ON2	DS.B	1	; Boolean indicating LED pair_2 operation state
COUNT	DS.B	1	; number of digits currently in BUFFER
BUFFER	DS.B	5	; buffer containing digits from keypad
RESULT	DS.W	1	; result for ASCII->BCD->binary F
TEMP	DS.B	3	; used in ASCII_2_Bin conversion routine
Char_addr	DS.W	1	
error_ON	DS.B	1	
error1_ON	DS.B	1	
error2_ON	DS.B	1	
errordelay	DS.B	1	
delay_count	DS.B	1	
F1FLAG	DS.B	1	; flag to indicate F1 was pressed
F2FLAG	DS.B	1	; flag to indicate F2 was pressed
KEY_BUF	DS.B	1	; buffer for most recent character
KEY_FLG	DS.B	1	; Boolean for key is available for MM
DTIME1	DS.B	1	; Boolean to disp "TIME1 = "
DTIME2	DS.B	1	; Boolean to disp "TIME2 = "
DF1PRMPT	DS.B	1	; Boolean to disp "<F1> to update LED1 period"
DF2PRMPT	DS.B	1	; Boolean to disp "<F1> to update LED1 period"
FIRSTCH	DS.B	1	; Boolean for first char in DISPLAY subroutine
DPTR	DS.W	1	; address of next charter in current message
t1state	DS.B	1	; state variables for each of the tasks
t2state	DS.B	1	
t3state	DS.B	1	
t4state	DS.B	1	
t5state	DS.B	1	
t6state	DS.B	1	
t7state	DS.B	1	
t8state	DS.B	1	
L1_chars	DS.B	1	
L2_chars	DS.B	1	
temp	DS.B	1	
COUNT_char	DS.B	1	

```

;/-----
\
;|  Main Program Code
|
; \-----
/
;      This file contains partial shell code for Lab 3 for ME 305
;
;
MyCode:      SECTION
main:
        clr    t1state                ; initialize all tasks to state0
        clr    t2state
        clr    t3state
        clr    t4state
        clr    t5state
        clr    t6state
        clr    t7state
        clr    t8state

Loop:    ;bgnd
        jsr    TASK_1
        ;bgnd                ; execute tasks endlessly
        jsr    TASK_2
        jsr    TASK_3
        ;bgnd
        jsr    TASK_4
        ;bgnd
        jsr    TASK_5
        ;bgnd
        jsr    TASK_6
        ; bgnd
        jsr    TASK_7
        ;bgnd
        jsr    TASK_8

        bra    Loop

;
;
;=====TASK_1:
MasterMind=====
;
TASK_1: ldaa    t1state                ; get current t1state
        lbeq    t1state0
        deca
        lbeq    t1state1
        deca
        lbeq    t1state2
        deca
        lbeq    t1state3
        deca
        lbeq    t1state4
        deca
        lbeq    t1state5
        deca

```

```

        lbeq    t1state6
        rts                                ; undefined state - do nothing

t1state0:                                ; initialization state for TASK_1
        clr     COUNT                      ; MasterMind initialization
        clr     F1FLAG
        clr     F2FLAG
        clr     ON1
        clr     ON2
        clr     error_ON
        clr     error1_ON
        clr     error2_ON
        movw    #$00, TICKS_1
        movw    #$00, TICKS_2
        clr     TEMP
        ldaa    #$01                      ; set flags to display all four prompts
        staa    DTIME1
        staa    DTIME2
        staa    DF1PRMPT
        staa    DF2PRMPT
        movb    #$01, t1state             ; otherwise, set next state
        rts

t1state1:                                ; wait for splash screen to display
        tst     DTIME1                    ; finished with TIME1 prompt?
        bne     t1s1a                     ; exit if not done
        tst     DTIME2                    ; finished with TIME2 prompt?
        bne     t1s1a                     ; exit if not done
        tst     DF1PRMPT                  ; finished with F1 prompt?
        bne     t1s1a                     ; exit if not done
        tst     DF2PRMPT                  ; finished with F2 prompt?
        bne     t1s1a                     ; exit if not done
        movb    #$02, t1state             ; set next state
t1s1a:   rts

t1state2:                                ; decode input state
        tst     error_ON
        lbne    error_delay
        tst     KEY_FLG                   ; check for key stroke
        bne     t1s2a                     ; skip over exit code if char available
        rts

                                           ; return if no char available
t1s2a:   ldab    KEY_BUF                   ; get character
        tst     F1FLAG                     ; if F1FLAG has been set,
        bne     t1s2d                     ; skip test on F1 & F2
        tst     F2FLAG                     ; if F2FLAG has been set,
        bne     t1s2d                     ; skip test on F1 & F2
        cmpb    #F1                       ; otherwise, check for F1 then F2
        bne     t1s2b
        movb    #$01, F1FLAG               ; set F1FLAG
        movb    #$04, t1state

```

```

        bra    t1state2F1setup        ; set next state accordingly
        lbra   exit_t1s2              ; branch to exit code
t1s2b:  cmpb   #F2
        bne    t1s2c
        movb   #$01, F2FLAG           ; set F2FLAG
        movb   #$04, t1state          ; set next state accordingly
        bra    t1state2F2setup
t1s2c:  bra    exit_t1s2              ; neither F1 nor F2 are active, so exit
t1s2d:  cmpb   #BSPACE
        bne    t1s2e
        movb   #$05, t1state          ; set next state accordingly
        bra    exit_t1s2              ; branch to exit code
t1s2e:  cmpb   #ENT
        bne    t1s2f
        movb   #$06, t1state          ; set next state accordingly
        bra    exit_t1s2              ; branch to exit code
t1s2f:
        cmpb   #$39                   ; compare to highest digit
        bhi    exit_t1s2              ; exit if not a valid digit
        cmpb   #$30                   ; compare to lowest digit
        blo    exit_t1s2              ; exit if not a valid digit
        movb   #$03, t1state
        bra    exit_t1s2

```

```

t1state2F1setup:
        clr    ON1
        movb   #$05, t4state
        movw   #$00, TICKS_1
        clr    TEMP
        ldaa   #$07
        jsr    SETADDR
        movw   #clear, Char_addr
        bra    t1state2setup

```

```

t1state2F2setup:
        clr    ON2
        movb   #$05, t6state
        movw   #$00, TICKS_2
        clr    TEMP
        ldaa   #$47
        jsr    SETADDR
        movw   #clear, Char_addr
        bra    t1state2setup

```

```

t1state2setup:
        ldx    Char_addr
        ldab   0, X
        beq    t1state2setupcomplete

        jsr    OUTCHAR
        incw   Char_addr
        bra    t1state2setup

```

```

t1state2setupcomplete:
    movb    #$04, t1state
    suba    $05
    jsr     SETADDR
    bra     exit_t1s2

exit_t1s2:
    clr     KEY_FLG                ; done with char, so clear KEY_FLG
    rts

t1state3:
    tst     F1FLAG
    bgt     t1state3F1
    tst     F2FLAG
    bgt     t1state3F2

t1state3F1:
    inc     COUNT                ; digit state
    ldaa    COUNT
    cmpa    #L1_lim
    lbhi    t1state3overload

    deca
    ldx     #BUFFER
    stab    A,X

    inca
    ldab    #F1_start
    aba
    ldab    KEY_BUF
    jsr     OUTCHAR_AT

    bra     t1state3end

t1state3F2:
    inc     COUNT                ; digit state
    ldaa    COUNT
    cmpa    #L1_lim
    lbhi    t1state3overload

    deca
    ldx     #BUFFER
    stab    A,X

    inca
    ldab    #F2_start
    aba
    ldab    KEY_BUF
    jsr     OUTCHAR_AT

    bra     t1state3end

```

```

t1state3overload:
    dec COUNT
    movb #$02, t1state          ; set next state
    rts
t1state3end:
    movb #$02, t1state          ; set next state
    rts

t1state3_error2:
    inc error2_ON
    tst F1FLAG
    lbne errorsetupF1

    lbra errorsetupF2

t1state4:
    clr BUFFER
    clr BUFFER+1
    clr BUFFER+2
    clr BUFFER+3
    clr BUFFER+4

; function state

t1state4exit:
    movb #$02, t1state

    rts

t1state5:
    tst COUNT
    ble t1s5c
    tst F1FLAG
    beq t1s5bF2                  ; <B_SPACE> state
t1s5b:
    ldaa COUNT
    ldab #F1_start
    aba
    ldab #delete
    jsr  OUTCHAR_AT
    jsr  SETADDR
    dec  COUNT
    bra  t1s5c

t1s5bF2:ldaa COUNT
    ldab #F2_start
    aba
    ldab #delete
    jsr  OUTCHAR_AT
    jsr  SETADDR

```

```

        dec    COUNT
        bra    t1s5c

t1s5c:
        movb   #$02, t1state        ; set next state
        rts

t1state6:
        tst    COUNT
        ble    t1state6_error1
        ldaa   #$35
        jsr    SETADDR
        tst    F1FLAG
        lbne   Conversion
        tst    F2FLAG
        lbne   Conversion2
                                ; If true, Turn on lights 2

t1state6c:
        clr    COUNT
        clr    F1FLAG
        clr    F2FLAG
                                ; <ENT> state
        movb   #$02, t1state        ; set next state
        rts

t1state6_error1:
        inc    error1_ON
        tst    F1FLAG
        lbne   errorsetupF1

        lbra   errorsetupF2
;
;
;
;=====TASK_2:
Keypad_Driver=====
;
TASK_2: ldaa   t2state                ; get current t8state
        beq    t2state0
        deca
        beq    t2state1
        deca
        beq    t2state2
        rts                        ; undefined state - do nothing

t2state0:                                ; initialization state for TASK_2
        jsr    INITKEY                ; initialize keypad
        clr    KEY_FLG                ; clear key available flag
        movb   #$01, t2state          ; set next state
        rts

```

```

t2state1:                                ; checking state
    tst    LKEY_FLG                      ; check for a key stroke
    beq     t2s1a
    jsr     GETCHAR                      ; get char if available
    stab    KEY_BUF                      ; store key value
    movb    #$01, KEY_FLG               ; set key available flag
    movb    #$02, t2state               ; set next state
t2s1a:    rts

t2state2:                                ; waiting state
    tst     KEY_FLG                     ; check KEY_FLG handshake
    bne     t2s2a
    movb    #$01, t2state               ; set next state
t2s2a:    rts                           ; end TASK_2
;
;
;
;=====TASK_3:
Display=====
;
TASK_3:   ldaa    t3state                ; get current t8state
        lbeq     t3state0
        deca
        lbeq     t3state1
        deca
        lbeq     t3state2
        deca
        lbeq     t3state3
        deca
        lbeq     t3state4
        deca
        lbeq     t3state5
        rts                             ; undefined state - do nothing

t3state0:                                ; initialization state for TASK_3
    jsr     INITLCD                     ; initialize the LCD module
    jsr     CURSOR_ON                   ; turn CURSOR ON
    movb    #$01, FIRSTCH               ; set first char flag
    movb    #$01, t3state               ; set next state
    rts

t3state1:                                ; display task hub state
    ldaa    DTIME1
    cmpa    #$01
    bne     t3s1a
    movb    #$02, t3state               ; set next state
    rts
t3s1a:    ldaa    DTIME2
    cmpa    #$01
    bne     t3s1b
    movb    #$03, t3state               ; set next state

```

```

        rts
t3s1b:  ldaa  DF1PRMPT
        cmpa  #$01
        bne   t3s1c
        movb  #$04, t3state      ; set next state
        rts
t3s1c:  ldaa  DF2PRMPT
        cmpa  #$01
        bne   t3s1k
        movb  #$05, t3state      ; set next state
t3s1k:  rts                      ; undefined state - do nothing

t3state2:                                ; display TIME1 state
        ldaa  FIRSTCH
        cmpa  #$01
        bne   t3s2a
        ldx   #TIME1             ; address of beginning of message
        clra                                ; set LCDaddr to upper left
        jsr   PUTCHAR_1ST         ; display first character
        bra   t3s2done           ; go to t3s2done test
t3s2a:  jsr   PUTCHAR             ; display next character

t3s2done:
        tst   FIRSTCH             ; done if FIRSTCH has been reset
        beq   t3s2b              ; branch if not done
        clr   DTIME1
        movb  #$01, t3state      ; done, so set next state
t3s2b:  rts

t3state3:                                ; display TIME2 state
        ldaa  FIRSTCH
        cmpa  #$01
        bne   t3s3a
        ldx   #TIME2             ; address of beginning of message
        ldaa  #$40                ; set LCDaddr to lower left
        jsr   PUTCHAR_1ST         ; display first character
        bra   t3s3done           ; go to t3s3done test

t3s3a:  jsr   PUTCHAR             ; display next character

t3s3done:
        tst   FIRSTCH             ; done if FIRSTCH has been reset
        beq   t3s3b              ; branch if not done
        clr   DTIME2
        movb  #$01, t3state      ; done, so set next state
t3s3b:  rts

t3state4:                                ; display F1PRMPT state
        ldaa  FIRSTCH
        cmpa  #$01

```

```

        bne    t3s4a
        ldx    #F1PRMPT                ; address of beginning of message
        ldaa   #$08                    ; set LCDaddr to proper place in 1st line
        jsr    PUTCHAR_1ST             ; display first character
        bra    t3s4done                ; go to t3s4done test

t3s4a:   jsr    PUTCHAR                 ; display next character

t3s4done:
        tst    FIRSTCH                 ; done if FIRSTCH has been reset
        beq    t3s4b                   ; branch if not done
        clr    DF1PRMPT
        movb   #$01, t3state           ; done, so set next state
t3s4b:   rts

t3state5:                                ; display F2PRMPT state
        ldaa   FIRSTCH
        cmpa   #$01
        bne    t3s5a
        ldx    #F2PRMPT                ; address of beginning of message
        ldaa   #$48                    ; set LCDaddr to proper place in 2nd line
        jsr    PUTCHAR_1ST             ; display first character
        bra    t3s5done                ; go to t3s5done test

t3s5a:   jsr    PUTCHAR                 ; display next character

t3s5done:
        tst    FIRSTCH                 ; done if FIRSTCH has been reset
        beq    t3s5b                   ; branch if not done
        clr    DF2PRMPT
        movb   #$01, t3state           ; done, so set next state
        ldaa   #$35
        jsr    SETADDR
t3s5b:   rts
;
;
;
;=====TASK_4:
Pattern_1=====
;
TASK_4:
        ldaa   t4state                 ; get current t8state
        lbeq   t4state0
        deca
        lbeq   t4state1
        deca
        lbeq   t4state2
        deca
        lbeq   t4state3
        deca
        lbeq   t4state4

```

```

        deca
        lbeq    t4state5
        deca
        lbeq    t4state6
        deca
        lbeq    t4state7
        rts                                ; undefined state - do nothing


t4state0:                                ; initialization for TASK_1
        clr     ON1                        ; clear LED1 ON flag
        bclr    PORTP, LED_MSK_1          ; ensure that LEDs are off when initialized
        bset    DDRP, LED_MSK_1          ; set LED_MSK_1 pins as PORTP outputs
        movb    #$01, t4state             ; set next state


t4state1:                                ; wait for ON1
        tst     ON1                        ; unless ON1 is set, make sure LEDs are OFF
        beq     t4s1a                      ; and simply return
        movb    #$02, t4state             ; else set next state
t4s1a:  bclr    PORTP, LED_MSK_1          ; ensure that LEDs are off
        rts


t4state2:                                ; G_on & R_off
        bset    PORTP, G_LED_1            ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst     DONE_1                    ; check LED1 done flag
        beq     exit_t4s2                  ; if not done, return
        movb    #$03, t4state             ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s2:
        rts


t4state3:                                ; both off
        bclr    PORTP, G_LED_1            ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst     DONE_1                    ; check LED1 done flag
        beq     exit_t4s3                  ; if not done, return
        movb    #$04, t4state             ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s3:
        rts


t4state4:                                ; G_off & R_on
        bset    PORTP, R_LED_1            ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst     DONE_1                    ; check LED1 done flag
        beq     exit_t4s4                  ; if not done, return
        movb    #$05, t4state             ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s4:
        rts


t4state5:                                ; both off
        bclr    PORTP, LED_MSK_1          ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst     DONE_1                    ; check LED1 done flag

```

```

        beq    exit_t4s5                ; if not done, return
        movb   #$06, t4state           ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s5:
        rts

t4state6:                                ; G_on & R_on
        bset   PORTP, LED_MSK_1        ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst    DONE_1                  ; check LED1 done flag
        beq    exit_t4s6                ; if not done, return
        movb   #$07, t4state           ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s6:
        rts

t4state7:                                ; both off
        bclr   PORTP, LED_MSK_1        ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst    DONE_1                  ; check LED1 done flag
        beq    exit_t4s7                ; if not done, return
        movb   #$02, t4state           ; if done, set next state
exit_t4s7:
        rts

;
;
;
;=====TASK_5:
Timing_1=====
;
TASK_5: ldaa   t5state                  ; get current t8state
        beq    t5state0
        decb
        beq    t5state1
        decb
        beq    t5state2
        rts                            ; undefined state - do nothing

t5state0:                                ; initialization for TASK_5
        clr    DONE_1                  ; init
        movb   #$01, t5state           ; set next state
        rts

t5state1:                                ; initialization for TASK_5
        clr    DONE_1                  ; to be safe, hold DONE_1 down until ON1=1
        tst    ON1
        beq    t5s1                    ; wait for ON1 to be set
        movw   TICKS_1, COUNT_1        ; when ON1 is set, get ready to count down
        movb   #$02, t5state           ; set next state
t5s1:   rts

t5state2:
        tst    ON1
        beq    t5s2a                    ; do not count down unless ON1 is set
        decw   COUNT_1                 ; decrement COUNT_1
        bne    t5s2b                    ; if not done, return
        movb   #$01, DONE_1            ; if done, set DONE_1 flag

```

```

t5s2a: movb  #$01, t5state      ; set next state
t5s2b: rts                      ; end TASK_5

;
;
;
;=====TASK_6:
Pattern_2=====
;
TASK_6: ldaa   t6state           ; get current t8state
        lbeq   t6state0
        decb
        lbeq   t6state1
        decb
        lbeq   t6state2
        decb
        lbeq   t6state3
        decb
        lbeq   t6state4
        decb
        lbeq   t6state5
        decb
        lbeq   t6state6
        decb
        lbeq   t6state7
        rts                      ; undefined state - do nothing


t6state0:                                ; initialization for TASK_1
        clr    ON2                ; clear LED1 ON flag
        bclr   PORTP, LED_MSK_2   ; ensure that LEDs are off when initialized
        bset   DDRP, LED_MSK_2    ; set LED_MSK_1 pins as PORTP outputs
        movb   #$01, t6state

        rts


t6state1:                                ; wait for ON1
        tst    ON2                ; unless ON1 is set, make sure LEDs are OFF
        beq    t6s1a              ; and simply return
        movb   #$02, t6state      ; else set next state
t6s1a:  bclr   PORTP, LED_MSK_2    ; ensure that LEDs are off
        rts


t6state2:                                ; G_on & R_off
        bset   PORTP, G_LED_2     ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst    DONE_2             ; check LED1 done flag
        beq    exit_t6s2          ; if not done, return
        movb   #$03, t6state      ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s2:

```

```

        rts

t6state3:                                ; both off
        bclr  PORTP, G_LED_2             ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst   DONE_2                     ; check LED1 done flag
        beq   exit_t6s3                  ; if not done, return
        movb  #$04, t6state              ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s3:
        rts

t6state4:                                ; G_off & R_on
        bset  PORTP, R_LED_2             ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst   DONE_2                     ; check LED1 done flag
        beq   exit_t6s4                  ; if not done, return
        movb  #$05, t6state              ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s4:
        rts

t6state5:                                ; both off
        bclr  PORTP, LED_MSK_2           ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst   DONE_2                     ; check LED1 done flag
        beq   exit_t6s5                  ; if not done, return
        movb  #$06, t6state              ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s5:
        rts

t6state6:                                ; G_on & R_on
        bset  PORTP, LED_MSK_2           ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst   DONE_2                     ; check LED1 done flag
        beq   exit_t6s6                  ; if not done, return
        movb  #$07, t6state              ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s6:
        rts

t6state7:                                ; both off
        bclr  PORTP, LED_MSK_2           ; set statel pattern on LEDs
        tst   DONE_2                     ; check LED1 done flag
        beq   exit_t6s7                  ; if not done, return
        movb  #$02, t6state              ; if done, set next state
exit_t6s7:
        rts

;
;=====TASK_7:
Timing_2=====
;
TASK_7:
        ldaa  t7state                     ; get current t8state
        beq   t7state0
        deca
        beq   t7state1
        deca

```

```

        beq    t7state2
        rts                                ; undefined state - do nothing

t7state0:                                ; initialization for TASK_5
        clr    DONE_2                      ; init
        movb   #$01, t7state              ; set next state
        rts

t7state1:                                ; initialization for TASK_5
        clr    DONE_2                      ; to be safe, hold DONE_1 down until ON1=1
        tst    ON2
        beq    t7s1                        ; wait for ON1 to be set
        movw   TICKS_2, COUNT_2           ; when ON1 is set, get ready to count down
        movb   #$02, t7state              ; set next state
t7s1:    rts

t7state2:
        tst    ON2
        beq    t7s2a                      ; do not count down unless ON1 is set
        decw   COUNT_2                    ; decrement COUNT_1
        bne    t7s2b                      ; if not done, return
        movb   #$01, DONE_2              ; if done, set DONE_1 flag
t7s2a:    movb   #$01, t7state              ; set next state
t7s2b:    rts

```

```
;
```

```

;=====TASK_8:
Countdown=====
;
TASK_8: ldaa    t8state                    ; get current t8state
        beq    t8state0
        decb
        beq    t8state1
        rts                                ; undefined state - do nothing

t8state0:                                ; initialization for TASK_8
        movb   #$01, t8state              ; set next state
        rts

t8state1:
        jsr    DELAY_1ms
        rts                                ; end TASK_8

```

```
;
```

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;
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;
```

```

; /-----
\
; | Subroutines
|
; \-----
/

```

```

;=====Subroutine
ASCII_2_Bin=====
;=
=
;=      Assumes standard COUNT & BUFFER scheme
=
;=      Uses the stack to avoid declaring TEMP space in RAM
=
;=      Returns:  result in X with A cleared if no error
=
;=                  1 in A if MAGNITUDE TOO LARGE error, and
=
;=                  2 in a if ZERO MAGNITUDE INAPPROPRIATE error
=
;=====
=
;
ASCII_2_Bin:
    rts                                ; end subroutine ASCII_2_Bin
;
;
;
;=====Subroutine PUTCHAR_1ST and Subroutine
PUTCHAR=====
;
PUTCHAR_1ST:
    stx    DPTR                        ; first entry point for subroutine
    jsr    SETADDR                     ; to be used for first character only
    clr    FIRSTCH

PUTCHAR:
                                ; second entry point for subroutine
    ldx    DPTR                        ; to be used for all characters but the first
    ldab   0,X                        ; get character to be displayed
    beq    disp_done                  ; exit if last character in message
    inx                                ; point to next character
    stx    DPTR
    jsr    OUTCHAR                     ; display current character
    rts

disp_done:
    movb   #$01, FIRSTCH               ; reset first character flag
    rts                                ; end subroutine PUTCHAR_1ST and PUTCHAR
;
;
;
;=====Subroutine
Delay_1ms=====
;=
=
;=      This subroutine delays for ~1.00ms
=

```

```

;=
=
;=====
=
;
DELAY_1ms:
    ldy    #1425                ; (2)
INNER:
    ; inside loop
    cpy    #0                    ; (2)
    beq    EXIT                  ; (1)
    dey    ; (1)
    bra    INNER                  ; (3)
EXIT:     rts                    ; (5) end subroutine DELAY_1ms

;=====Subroutine CONVERSION
=====
;=
=
;=      This subroutine                      =
;=
=
;=====
=
;
Conversion: ;bgnd
    ldy Ticks_1
    ldd #$0A          ; load accumulator D with 'A'
    emul
    tstY
    bne conversionerror2      ; trigger error 1 if not equal to zero
    std Ticks_1

    ldx #BUFFER
    ldaa TEMP          ; load accumulator A with TEMP
    ldab A,X
    subb #$30          ; subtract 30 from accumulator B
    clra               ; clear accumulator A
    addd Ticks_1
    std Ticks_1

    inc TEMP           ; increases TEMP by 1
    dec COUNT          ; decreases COUNT by 1
    bne Conversion    ; if COUNT is less than or equal
                        ; to zero loop back to
                        ; conversion

Test_Result:;bgnd
    ldaa Ticks_1
    aba
    cmpa #$0
    beq conversionerror      ; if RESULT is equal to error2 got
                                ; to error 2

```

[illegible]

```

errordetermine:                                ; Turn on Error flag
    inc error_ON                               ; Set error message delay
    movb #$7F, errordelay                     ; Set amount of times error delay will go
    movb #$08, delay_count

    ldaa F1FLAG                               ; Add F1 flag to accumulator A
    ldab error1_ON                            ; Add error 1 flag to accumulator B
    aba                                       ; Add accumulator A and B
    cmpa #$02                                ; If result is equal to 2 then it must be
error 1    beq error1F1                        ; on the top line
                                                ; If result is not equal to 2 then
continue to search
    ldaa F1FLAG
    ldab error2_ON
    aba
    cmpa #$02
    beq error2F1

    ldaa F2FLAG
    ldab error1_ON
    aba
    cmpa #$02
    beq error1F2

    ldaa F2FLAG
    ldab error2_ON
    aba
    cmpa #$02
    beq error2F2

error1F1:                                     ; Set up top line for error message 1
    ldaa #$07
    jsr SETADDR
    movw #error1, Char_addr
    bra errordisplay                          ; Then branch to display error message

error1F2:                                     ; Set up bottom line for error message 1
    ldaa #$47
    jsr SETADDR
    movw #error1, Char_addr
    bra errordisplay                          ; Then branch to display error message

error2F1:                                     ; Set up top line for error message 2
    ldaa #$07
    jsr SETADDR
    movw #error2, Char_addr
    bra errordisplay                          ; Then branch to display error message

error2F2:                                     ; Set up bottom line for error message 2
    ldaa #$47
    jsr SETADDR
    movw #error2, Char_addr

```

```

        bra    errordisplay                ; Then branch to display error message

errordisplay:                            ; Display correct error message on the
correct line
        ldx    Char_addr
        ldab   0, X
        beq    error_delay                ; Then branch to error message delay

        jsr    OUTCHAR
        incw   Char_addr
        bra    errordisplay

error_delay:                            ; Delay error message so user can read
        ldaa   #$35
        jsr    SETADDR                    ; Turn off cursor
        tst    errordelay                 ; See if delay is zero
        ble    error_delaycheck           ; If zero branch to error_delaycheck
        dec    errordelay                 ; Else decrement_error delay

        movb   #$02, t1state              ; Declare Task 1 function state to be 2
        rts                                ; Return to Mastermind

error_delaycheck:                        ; Check how many times delay has been
triggered
        tst    delay_count                ; Check is delay_count is zero
        ble    line_determine             ; If zero branch to line_determine
        dec    delay_count                ; Else decrement delay_count
        movb   #$7F, errordelay           ; and reset error_delay to 127 ms

        movb   #$02, t1state              ; Declare Task 1 function state to be 2
        rts                                ; Return to Mastermind

line_determine:                          ; Find which line to reset
        tst    F1FLAG
        bne    errorresetF1

        bra    errorresetF2

errorresetF1:                            ; Set up top line to display prompt 1
        ldaa   #$07
        jsr    SETADDR
        movw   #F1PRMPTRS, Char_addr
        bra    errorresetdisplay

errorresetF2:                            ; Set up bottom line to display prompt 2
        ldaa   #$47
        jsr    SETADDR
        movw   #F2PRMPTRS, Char_addr
        bra    errorresetdisplay

errorresetdisplay:                       ; Display prompt on proper line
        ldx    Char_addr

```

```

        ldab 0, X
        beq  errorreset                ; Once displayed branch to errorreset

        jsr  OUTCHAR
        incw Char_addr
        bra  errorresetdisplay

errorreset:                                ; Resets flags, buffer and display
        ldaa #$35
        jsr  SETADDR
        clr  BUFFER
        clr  BUFFER+1
        clr  BUFFER+2
        clr  BUFFER+3
        clr  BUFFER+4
        clr  COUNT

        clr  F1FLAG
        clr  F2FLAG

        clr  error1_ON
        clr  error2_ON
        clr  error_ON

        movb #$02, t1state              ; Declare Task 1 function state to be 2
        rts                             ; Return to Mastermind

;=====Subroutine CONVERSION 2
;=====
;=
;=
;=      This subroutine                      =
;=
;=
;=====
;
Conversion2: ;bgnd
        ldy  TICKS_2
        ldd  #$0A                ; load accumulator D with 'A'
        emul
        tstY
        lbne conversion2error2    ; trigger error 1 if not equal to zero
        std  TICKS_2

        ldx  #BUFFER
        ldaa TEMP                ; load accumulator A with TEMP
        ldab A,X
        subb #$30                ; subtract 30 from accumulator B
        clra                    ; clear accumulator A

```

```

        addd TICKS_2
        std  TICKS_2

        inc  TEMP          ; increases TEMP by 1
        dec  COUNT         ; decreases COUNT by 1
        bne  Conversion2   ; if COUNT is less than or equal
                           ; to zero loop back to
                           ; conversion

Test_Result2:ldaa TICKS_2
        aba
        cmpa #$0
        lbeq conversion2error      ; if RESULT is equal to error2 got
                                   ; to error 2
        ldaa #$00          ; load accumulator A with 0
        movb #$01, ON2
        clr  COUNT_char
        clr  L1_start
        clr  L1_chars
        clr  COUNT
        clr  F1FLAG
        clr  F2FLAG
        movb #$02, t1state      ; set next state

        rts

conversion2error:
        inc  error1_ON
        lbra errorsetupF2
conversion2error2:
        inc  error2_ON
        lbra errorsetupF2

;
;
;
;=====ASCII
Messages=====
;
TIME1:      DC.B  'TIME1 = ', $00
F1PRMPT:    DC.B  '      <F1> to update LED1 period', $00
TIME2:      DC.B  'TIME2 = ', $00
F2PRMPT:    DC.B  '      <F2> to update LED2 period', $00
clear:       DC.B  '      ', $00
error1:      DC.B  'ZERO MAGNITUDE INAPPROPRIATE', $00
error2:      DC.B  'MAGNITUDE TOO LARGE', $00
clear_line:  DC.B  '      ', $00
F1PRMPTRS:   DC.B  '      <F1> to update LED1 period', $00
F2PRMPTRS:   DC.B  '      <F2> to update LED2 period', $00

; /-----
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```

```
;| Vectors
```

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|
```

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; \-----
```

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/
```

```
; Add interrupt and reset vectors here:
```

```
    ORG    $FFFE                                ; reset vector address
```

```
    DC.W   Entry
```

```
    ORG    $FFCE                                ; Key Wakeup interrupt vector address [Port J]
```

```
    DC.W   ISR_KEYPAD
```